EXAM P QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

S. Broverman, 2006

Week of June 26/06

In the Canadian national lottery called "6-49", a ticket consists of 6 distinct numbers from 1 to 49 chosen by the player. The lottery chooses 6 distinct numbers at random from 1 to 49. If a player's ticket matches at least 3 of the 6 numbers chosen at random, then the player wins a prize. The next lottery is next Wednesday. A lottery player buys the following two tickets for next Wednesday's lottery:

Ticket 1 - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Ticket 2 - 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12

Find the player's chance of not matching any of the 6 random numbers chosen on either of her two tickets.

The solution can be found below.

Week of June 26/06 - Solution

In order to have no matching number on either ticket, the 6 randomly chosen numbers must come from the 37 other numbers, 13, 14, ..., 49. The probability in question is the ratio of the number of random ticket draws that result in the event over the total possible number of random ticket draws.

$$P(A) = \frac{\binom{37}{6}}{\binom{49}{6}} = \frac{\text{\# randomly chosen tickets that avoid } 1,2,...,12}{\text{total number of possible randomly chosen tickets}} = \frac{37!/(31!\ 6!)}{49!/(43!\ 6!)} = .166248.$$