

EXAM C QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

S. Broverman, 2006

Week of June 12/06

You are given the following random sample of 15 times of failure for a mechanical device:

5, 6, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 18, 18, 18, 20, 21, 24, 28

A = smoothed empirical estimate of the 80-th percentile of the time until failure of the device,
and

B = smoothed empirical estimate of the 80-th percentile of the time until failure of the device
given that the device survives to at least time 12.

Find $A - B$.

Solution can be found below.

Week of June 12/06 - Solution

There are 15 data points, so the smoothed empirical percentiles assigned to the data points are

$$\frac{1}{n+1}, \frac{2}{n+1}, \dots:$$

5, 6, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 18, 18, 18, 20, 21, 24, 28

$$\frac{1}{16}, \frac{2}{16}, \frac{3}{16}, \dots,$$

We see that 12-th data point $x = 20$ is the smoothed empirical percentile $\frac{12}{16} = .75$ (75-th percentile), and the 13-th data point $x = 21$ is the smoothed empirical percentile $\frac{13}{16} = .8125$ (81.25-th percentile). Since .8 is .8 of the way from .75 to .8125, the smoothed empirical estimate of the 80-th percentile is .8 of the way from 20 to 21, which is $A = 20.8$.

Given that the device survives to at least time 12, the sample of failure times is

13, 14, 18, 18, 18, 20, 21, 24, 28 (9 data points).

The smoothed empirical percentiles assigned to these data points are

13, 14, 18, 18, 18, 20, 21, 24, 28

$$\frac{1}{10}, \frac{2}{10}, \dots$$

The smoothed empirical estimate of the 80th percentile is the 8-th data point, which is $B = 24$.

$$A - B = 20.8 - 24 = -3.2.$$