

# EXAM M QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

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## Question 1 - Week of July 25

A select-and-ultimate life table has a select period of 10 years. The force of mortality is  $\mu_{[x]}(t) = .01$  during the select period, and the force of mortality is  $\mu(y) = .02$  for some at age  $y$  who is past the select period. Find an expression for the complete expectation  $\overset{\circ}{e}_{[x]+t}$  for  $t \geq 0$ .

**The solution can be found below.**

## Question 1 - Week of July 25 - Solution

We first note that  $\ddot{e}_y = \frac{1}{.02} = 50$  for  $y \geq [x] + 10$ .

$\ddot{e}_{[x]+t} = \int_0^\infty {}_s p_{[x]+t} ds$  for  $0 \leq t < 10$  and  $\ddot{e}_{[x]+t} = \ddot{e}_{x+t}$  for  $t \geq 10$ .  
 ${}_s p_{[x]+t} = \exp\left[-\int_0^s \mu_{[x]}(t+r) dr\right] = e^{-.01s}$  for  $s < 10-t$ .

For  $t < 10$ , we can write  $\ddot{e}_{[x]+t} = \ddot{e}_{[x]+t:\overline{10-t}|} + {}_{10-t}p_{[x]+t} \cdot e_{[x]+10}$ .

It was noted above that  $e_{[x]+10} = 50$ , and  ${}_{10-t}p_{[x]+t} = e^{-.01(10-t)}$ .

And  $\ddot{e}_{[x]+t:\overline{10-t}|} = \int_0^{10-t} {}_s p_{[x]+t} ds = \int_0^{10-t} e^{-.01s} ds = \frac{1-e^{-.01(10-t)}}{.01}$ .

Then for  $t < 10$ ,  $\ddot{e}_{[x]+t} = \frac{1-e^{-.01(10-t)}}{.01} + e^{-.01(10-t)} \cdot 50 = 100 - 50e^{-.01(10-t)}$ .