

# EXAM C QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

S. Broverman, 2005

## Week of December 12

You are given the following random sample of 5 losses from the random variable  $X$ :

2 , 2 , 3 , 5 , 6

The density function of  $X$  is to be estimated using kernel density estimation, where the kernel density function  $k_y(x)$  is the pdf of the normal distribution with a mean of  $y$  and a variance of 1. Find the kernel smoothed estimate of the probability  $P[2 < X \leq 3]$ .

**Solution can be found below.**

## Week of December 12 - Solution

The kernel smoothed estimate of the cdf is  $\hat{F}(x)$  is  $\hat{F}(x) = \sum_{\text{all } y_i} p(y_i) \cdot K_{y_i}(x)$

where the  $y_i$ 's are the data points and  $p(y_i)$  is the empirical probability at data point  $y_i$ , and  $K_{y_i}(x)$  is the cdf for the normal distribution with mean  $y_i$  and variance 1.

From the given data, we have  $p(2) = .4$ ,  $p(3) = .2$ ,  $p(5) = .2$ ,  $p(6) = .2$ .

The estimate of  $P[2 < X \leq 3]$  is  $\hat{F}(3) - \hat{F}(2)$ .

$$\hat{F}(2) = (.4)K_2(2) + (.2)K_3(2) + (.2)K_5(2) + (.2)K_6(2).$$

$$K_2(2) = \Phi\left(\frac{2-2}{1}\right) = .5, \quad K_3(2) = \Phi\left(\frac{2-3}{1}\right) = .1587,$$

$$K_5(2) = \Phi\left(\frac{2-5}{1}\right) = .0013, \quad K_6(2) = \Phi\left(\frac{2-6}{1}\right) = 0,$$

$$\text{so that } \hat{F}(2) = (.4)(.5) + (.2)(.1587) + (.2)(.0013) + (.2)(0) = .232.$$

$$\hat{F}(3) = (.4)K_2(3) + (.2)K_3(3) + (.2)K_5(3) + (.2)K_6(3).$$

$$K_2(3) = \Phi\left(\frac{3-2}{1}\right) = .8413, \quad K_3(3) = \Phi\left(\frac{3-3}{1}\right) = .5,$$

$$K_5(3) = \Phi\left(\frac{3-5}{1}\right) = .0228, \quad K_6(3) = \Phi\left(\frac{3-6}{1}\right) = .0013,$$

$$\text{so that } \hat{F}(3) = (.4)(.8413) + (.2)(.5) + (.2)(.0228) + (.2)(.0013) = .4413.$$

The estimate of  $P[2 < X \leq 3]$  is  $.4413 - .232 = .2093$ .