

## EXAM C QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

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### Week of August 13/07

A compound distribution  $S$  has frequency  $N$  and severity  $X$ , both of which are members of the  $(a, b, 0)$  class. You are given the following:

$$E(N) = 2.4, \text{Var}(N) = 1.92, E(S) = 14.4, \text{Var}(S) = 126.72$$

Find  $P(S = 0)$ .

**The solution can be found below.**

## Week of August 13/07 - Solution

The probability generating functions of  $S$ ,  $N$  and  $X$  satisfy the relationship

$$P_S(t) = P_N(P_X(t)) . \text{ Then, } P(S = 0) = P_S(0) = P_N(P_X(0)) .$$

An  $(a, b, 0)$  distribution must be either Poisson, Negative Binomial or Binomial.

Binomial is the only one of the three with expected value greater than variance.

Therefore,  $N$  is binomial, say with parameters  $q$  and  $m$ .

$$E[N] = mq = 2.4 \text{ and } Var[N] = mq(1 - q) = 1.92 ,$$

and it follows that  $q = .2$  and  $m = 12$  . The probability generating function of  $N$  is

$$P_N(z) = [1 + q(z - 1)]^m = [1 + (.2)(z - 1)]^{12} .$$

The mean of  $S$  is  $E[S] = E[N] \cdot E[X]$  , so that  $14.4 = 2.4E[X]$

and we get  $E[X] = 6.0$  .

The variance of  $S$  is  $Var[S] = E[N] \cdot Var[X] + Var[N] \cdot (E[X])^2$  ,

so that  $126.72 = 2.4Var[X] + 1.92(6.0)^2$  , and we get  $Var[X] = 24$  .

Since  $X$  is an  $(a, b, 0)$  distribution, it is either Poisson, Negative Binomial or Binomial.

The Negative Binomial distribution is the only one of the three whose mean is less than its variance. Therefore  $X$  has a negative binomial distribution, say with parameters  $r$  and  $\beta$ .

$E[X] = r\beta = 6$  and  $Var[X] = r\beta(1 + \beta) = 24$  , and it follows that  $\beta = 3$  and  $r = 2$  .

The probability generating function of  $X$  is  $P_X(t) = \frac{1}{[1 - \beta(t-1)]^r} = \frac{1}{[1 - 3(t-1)]^2}$  .

Then,  $P_X(0) = \frac{1}{[1 - 3(-1)]^2} = \frac{1}{16}$  , and

$$P(S = 0) = P_S(0) = P_N(P_X(0)) = P_N\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) = [1 + (.2)\left(\frac{1}{16} - 1\right)]^{12} = .0828 .$$