

## EXAM FM QUESTIONS OF THE WEEK

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### Question 6 - Week of August 29

A loan of amount \$50,000 is made on January 1, 2000, with payments to be made every December 31 according to the following schedule:

Repayment schedule:

Years	Repayment Amounts
2000-2004	\$5,000
2005-2006	\$0
2007	\$15,000
2008-2013	\$5,000
2014	Balance of loan

The interest rate is 7% per year, compounded annually.

In what range is the amount of interest included in the repayment to be made in 2009?

- A) Less than \$2100      B) At least \$2100 but less than \$2200  
C) At least \$2200 but less than \$2300      D) At least \$2300 but less than \$2400  
E) At least \$2300

The solution can be found below.

### Question 6 Solution

**Solution:** The payment on 12/31/2009 is the 10th payment. We can find the interest in the 10th payment as  $I_{10} = OB_9 \times i$ . The outstanding balance just after the 9th payment (12/31/2008) can be found retrospectively. The following diagram illustrates this.

End of	00	01	...	04	05	06	07	08	
Pmt.#	0	1	2	...	5	6	7	8	9
Pmt. Amount	5	5	...	5	0	0	15	5	

(1000's)

The retrospective outstanding balance is found by accumulating the original loan to the valuation point and then subtracting the accumulated payments already made. This is  $50,000(1.07)^9 - 5000s_{\overline{9}|1.07} \cdot (1.07)^4 - 15000(1.07) - 5000 = 33,183$ .

Then  $I_{10} = 33,183 \times .07 = 2323$ .

Note that we could have found the final loan balance payment made on 12/31/2012 and then find  $OB_9$  prospectively, but this was not necessary since the original loan amount and payments were given.      Answer: D